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## **REMARKS**

Claims 1-26 are pending in this application. Claims 24-26 are newly added without entering any new matter.

Claim 2 is objected as being of improper dependent form for conflicting with the subject matter of claim 1

Claim 1 recites "the voltage gain is inversely proportional to a simple exponential function..." and claim 2 recites "the denominator of the voltage gain of the amplifying stage is expressed as (K1+exp(K2xVy))...". Because the gain controlling voltage Vy of claim 2 can be a logarithmic function such as the function illustrated in equation (7) "Vy=Vtx ln{exp[(V1-V2)/Vt]-1}" of the specification of the present invention, the denominator is thereby simplified to be the simple exponential function of claim 1. Hence, claim 2 is placed in proper dependent form and reconsideration of claim 2 is respectfully requested.

Claim 1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Sidman (U.S. Patent No. 5,247,398)

Applicant asserts that claim 1 is not anticipated by Sidman because Sidman does not teach or suggest the limitations recited in the wherein clause "wherein the gain controlling stage comprises: a transconductance unit for generating a first current and a second current according to the first controlling voltage and the second controlling voltage; and an outputting unit for generating the gain controlling voltage according to the first current and the second current...". Therefore, reconsideration of claim 1 is respectfully requested. As claims 2-12 are dependent upon claim 1, if claim 1 is found to be allowable, so too should the dependent claims.

Claim 13 is rejected under 35 U.S,C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Yamasaki (U.S. Patent No. 5,162,678)

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Applicant asserts that claim 13 is not anticipated by Yamasaki because Yamasaki at least fails to teach or suggest the voltage gain <u>increases</u> while the gain controlling voltage <u>decreases</u> (Specification of the invention: <u>Fig. 6</u>). Yamasaki disclosed an automatic gain amplifier having a voltage gain which <u>increases</u> while the control voltage ( $V_CV_C^*$ ) <u>increases</u> (Yamasaki: <u>Fig. 2</u>). Otherwise, Yamasaki fails to disclose the variable gain amplifier comprising a <u>current mirror structure</u>. Therefore, Yamasaki fails to teach or suggest the claimed invention and thereby reconsideration of claim 13 is respectfully requested. As claims 14-23 are dependent upon claim 13, if claim 13 is found to be allowable, so too should the dependent claims.

Besides, voltages  $V_A$  and  $V_A^*$  of Yamasaki is determined according to the input voltages  $V_I$  and  $V_I^*$  instead of the first controlling voltage  $V_C$  and the second controlling voltage  $V_C^*$ . Hence, voltage  $V_A$  or  $V_A^*$  is not the so-called gain controlling voltage of the present invention.

Date: 01/26/2006

Consideration of pending claims 1-26 is respectfully requested.

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Sincerely yours,

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